Stoma Creation

Key Simulated steps and operative Principles

- Creation of an end ileostomy/colostomy
- Creation of a loop ileostomy/colostomy

Goals and Objectives

- 1. Understand and explain the indications for different types of stomas
- 2. Use Brooke ileostomy technique to create both a loop stoma and end stoma
- 3. Manipulate bowels gently to avoid traumatic injury

Required Materials and Costs

- Babcock
- Marking pen
- Scalpel
- CVD Mosquito
- Short Metz
- Adson x2
- 3-0 Vicryl (polyglycolic acid suture) on SH needle
- Suture scissors

Setup Step 1



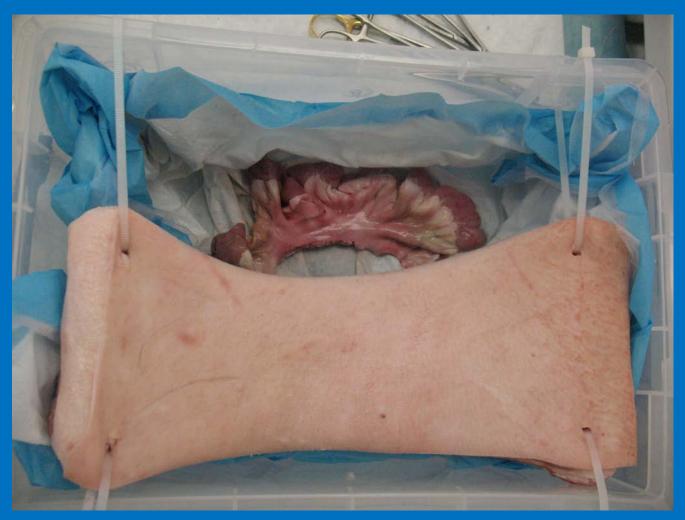
Drill four holes into a plastic box

Setup Step 2



Suspend pork side using cable ties through the drilled holes on the side of the box

Setup Step 3

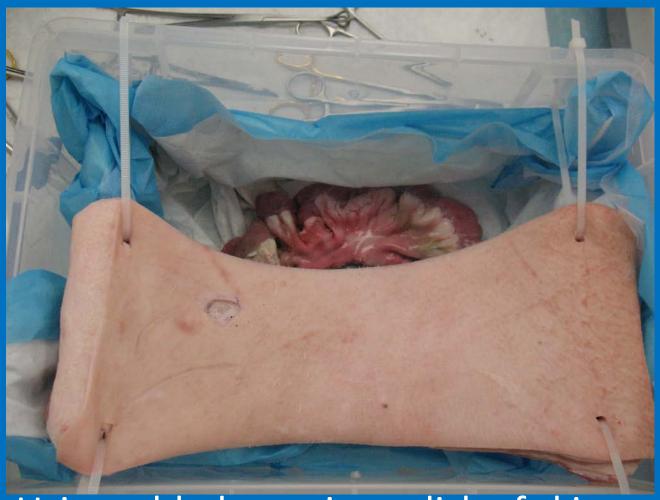


Place small bowel underneath the suspended pork side

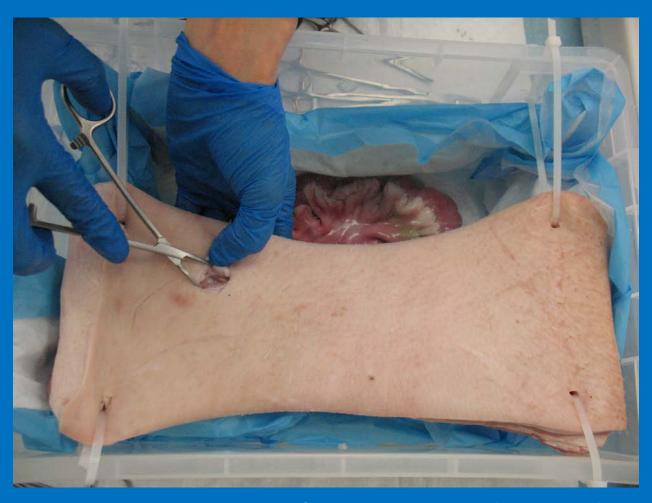


Make a mark where you want to bring out the stoma

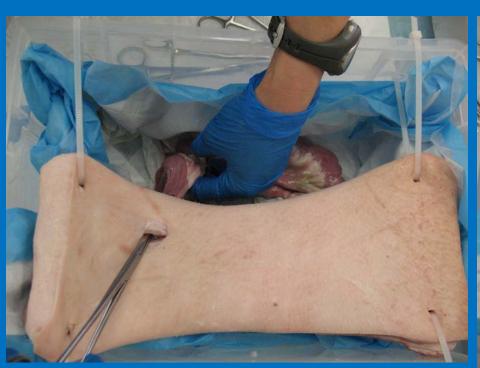
End stoma



Using a blade, excise a disk of skin

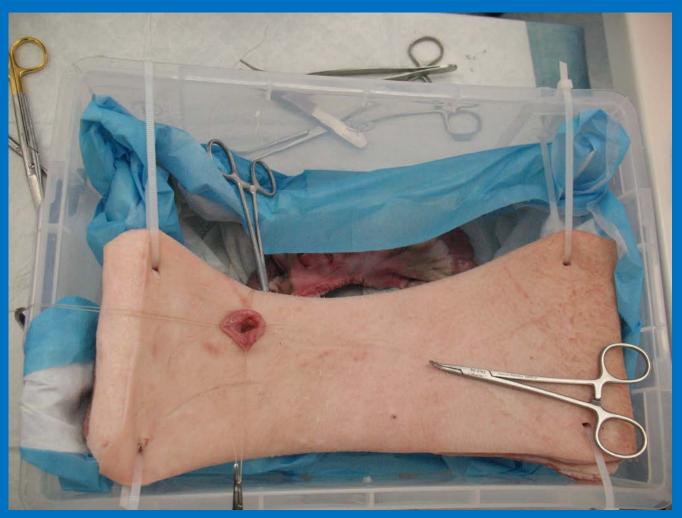


Dissect down to fascia and through muscle





Use a Babcock to bring out the end of the bowel through the defect you just created



Brooke 4 corners first





Interrupt the rest with 3-0 vicryl

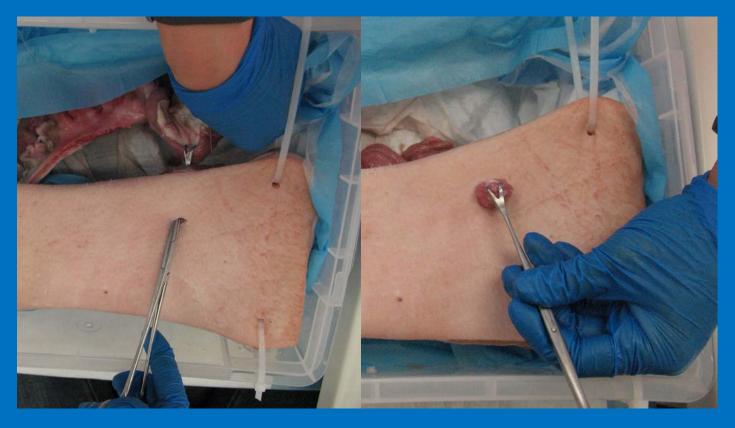
Loop stoma



Excise disk of skin



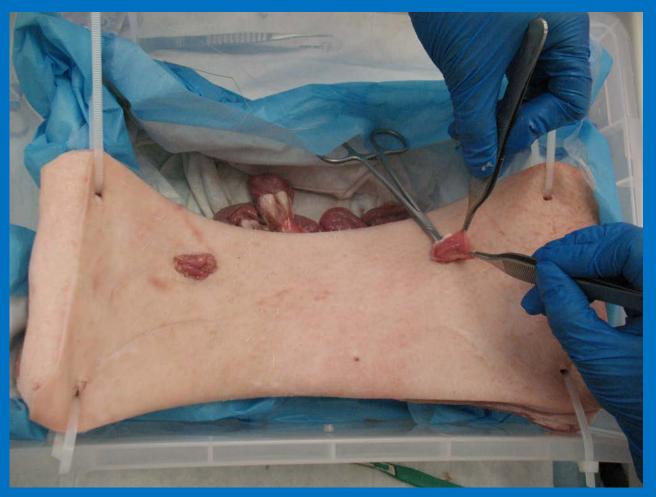
Dissect down to fascia and through muscle



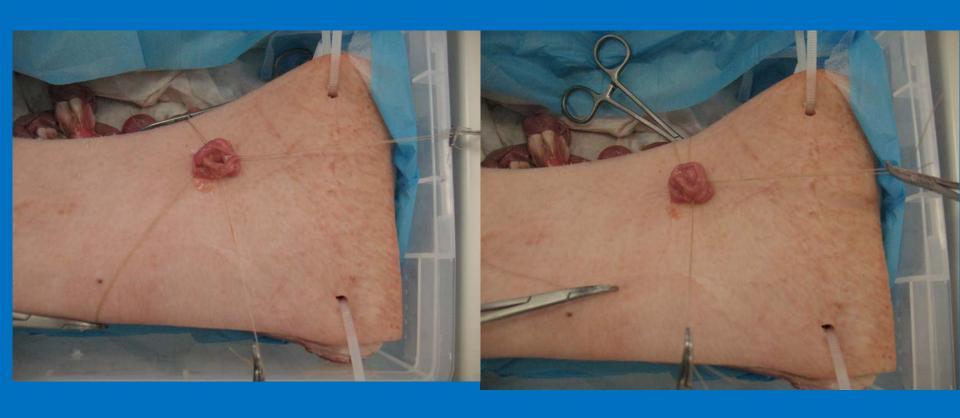
Use Babcock to bring a loop of small bowel through the defect



Use a clamp to secure the loop stoma to avoid slippage before it is matured



Create an enterotomy for the stoma



Brooke 4 corners



Secure the rest with interrupted

Checklist

- ☐ Able mature loop and end stoma in a Brooke fashion
- ☐Gentle manipulation of bowels to avoid trauma