Small Bowel Resection

Key Simulated steps and operative Principles

- Bowel resection with lymphadenectomy
- Use of GIA staplers
- Hand sewn end to end bowel anastomosis

Goals and Objectives

- 1. Learn the various types of staplers (GIA, TA, EEA)
- 2. Use clamps to ligate and divide mesentery followed by bowel division
- 3. Identify factors required for a successful bowel anastomosis
- 4. Perform the appropriate steps for an end-to-end hand sewn bowel anastomosis
- 5. Distinguish between a Lembert and a Gambee stitch

Required Materials and Costs

- CVD Mosquito x4
- Short Metz
- GIA Stapler/endo GIA stapler
- Debakey x2
- 3-0 Vicryl (polyglycolic acid suture) on SH needle
- 3-0 Vicryl (polyglycolic acid suture) tie
- 3-0 silk
- Suture scissor
- Blade
- Marble
- Wood Board
- Plastic box



Set small bowel on wood board



Put a marble into the small bowel through the ends to represent a tumor



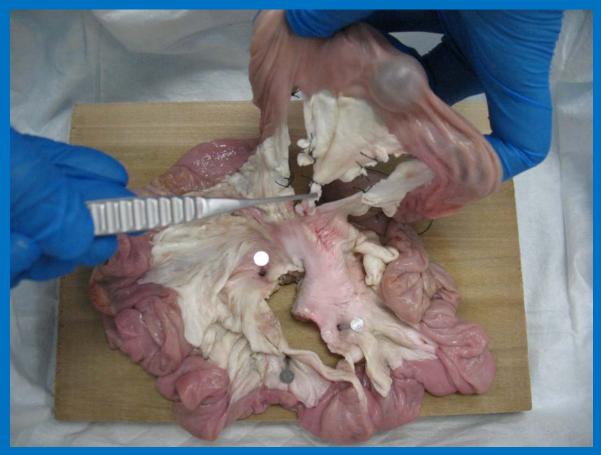
Pin three nails into the wooden board to stabilize the small bowel and simulate mesentery fixation



Place the wood board with the bowels in a box



After determining the resection margin, clamp and tie vessels to divide the mesentery



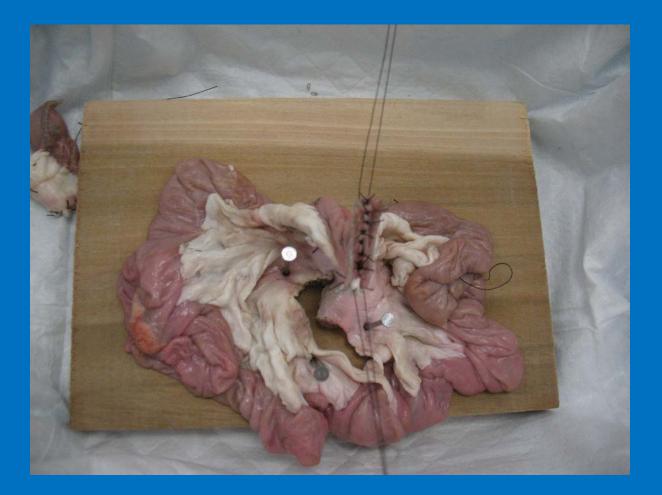
The mesentery of the section of bowel to be resected has now been divided



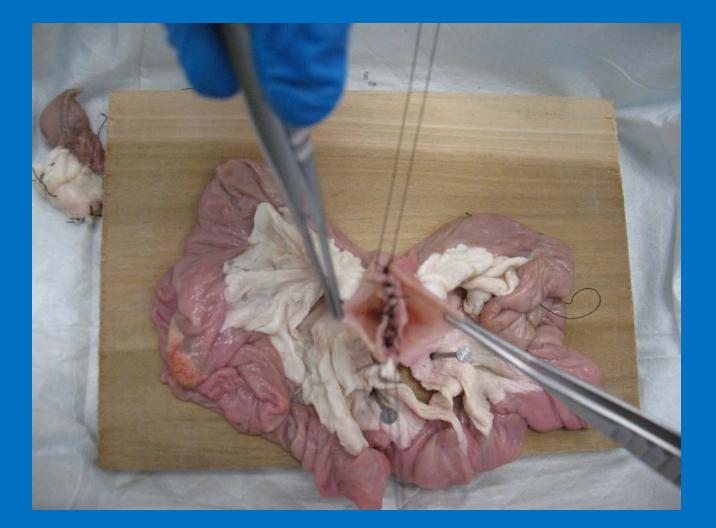
Staple the bowel proximally and distally to resect the specimen



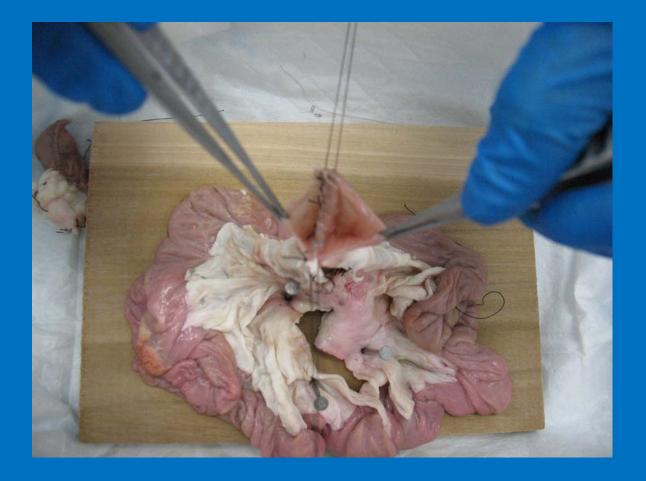
Start the posterior layer of the anastomosis with interrupted Lembert sutures



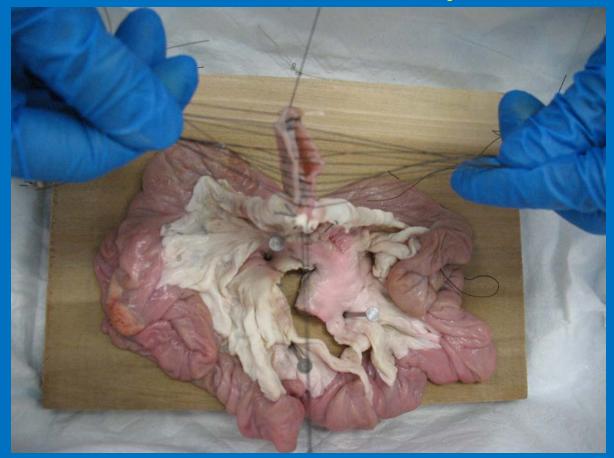
Tie down the interrupted Lembert sutures



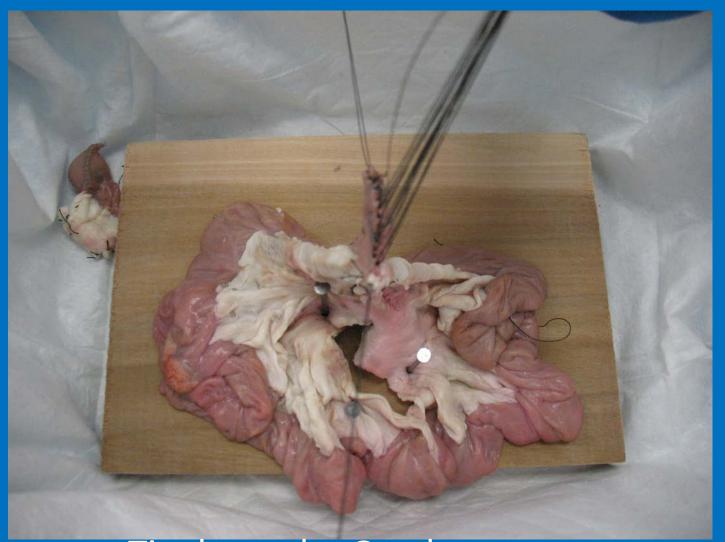
Cut and remove the proximal and distal staple lines



Complete the posterior layer with a running suture



Anterior layer of the anastomosis completed with interrupted Gambee stitches



Tie down the Gambee sutures



Repair the mesenteric defect with simple interrupted stitches



Test the anastomosis underwater

Checklist

Appropriate lymphadenectomy and bowel division Set up bowels correctly for anasomosis Know and perform individual steps in bowel anastomosis Closure of mesenteric defect Anastomosis should test air tight under water